

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 3-4-2014 Revision date: 19-6-2023 Supersedes: 22-11-2022 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Eurol ATF 6700
Product code : E113653
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Intended for general public

Main use category : Industrial use, professional use, Consumer use

Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eurol B.V. Energiestraat 12 NL-7442 DA Nijverdal The Netherlands Tel: +31 548 615 165

reach@eurol.com - www.eurol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : For Transport Emergency Call +31 6 26 71 27 43 (24hr/day 7days/week)

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Ireland	National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	PO Box 1297 Beaumont Road 9 Dublin	+353 1 809 2566 (Healthcare professionals- 24/7) +353 1 809 2166 (public, 8am - 10pm, 7/7)	
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital Msida MSD 2090 Msida	+356 2545 6508	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital	Dudley Road B18 7QH	0344 892 0111	Only for healthcare professionals
United Kingdom	NHS 111/NHS 24/NHS Direct		111 0845 4647	or call a doctor

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

To our knowledge, this product does not present any particular risk, provided it is handled in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practice.

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2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

EUH-statements : EUH208 - Contains 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate. May produce an

allergic reaction.

EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

Child-resistant fastening : Not applicable Tactile warning : Not applicable

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : This product floats on water and may affect the oxygen-balance in the water. The base oil

contains less than 3% DMSO-extract measured according IP 346, therefore it is NOT

classified as H350: May cause cancer" (Note L).".

Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	CAS-No.: 64742-54-7 EC-No.: 265-157-1 EC Index-No.: 649-467-00-8 REACH-no: 01-2119484627- 25	≥ 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	CAS-No.: 72623-87-1 EC-No.: 276-738-4 EC Index-No.: 649-483-00-5 REACH-no: 01-2119474889- 13	1 – 3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate	CAS-No.: 125643-61-0 EC-No.: 406-040-9 EC Index-No.: 607-530-00-7 REACH-no: 01-0000015551-	1 – 3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic)	CAS-No.: 68784-17-8 EC-No.: 701-204-9 REACH-no: 01-2119960832- 33	1 – 3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex comination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).]	CAS-No.: 64742-56-9 EC-No.: 265-159-2 EC Index-No.: 649-469-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119480132- 48	1 – 3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate	CAS-No.: 93882-40-7 EC-No.: 299-434-3 REACH-no: 01-2120735527- 50	0,1 – 1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Seek medical attention if ill effect develops.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : At normal ambient temperatures this product will be unlikely to present an inhalation hazard because of its low volatility. May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or

because of its low volatility, way be naminal by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists of

fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Unlikely to cause harm to the skin on brief or occasional contact but prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to dermatitis. High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to

local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

: Bad taste. Unlikely to cause harm if accidentally swallowed in small doses, though larger

quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : Unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Combustion generates: CO, CO2, POx, NOx, SOx, H2S.

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Explosion hazard : Not expected to be a fire/explosion hazard under normal conditions of use.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

Other information : Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment. Sweep up and remove to a

suitable, clearly marked container for disposal in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Spill area may be slippery. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent entry to sewers and

public waters.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of

splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will

be required. Use protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Consider evacuation.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : No specific measures are necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent liquid from entering sewers, watercourses, underground or low areas. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Large quantities: Contain large spillage with sand or earth.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and

promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep container tightly closed and in well ventilated place.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible products : Reacts vigorously with strong oxidizers and acids.

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Maximum storage period : 5 year Storage temperature : \leq 40 °C

Information on mixed storage : Keep away from : Oxidizing materials. Strong acids.

Storage area : Store at ambient temperature.

Special rules on packaging : Keep container tightly closed and dry.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

No additional information available

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Exposure-value for oil mist : 10 mg/m3 (15 min.) or 5 mg/m3 (8 hours).

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Eye protection should only be necessary where liquid could be splashed or sprayed.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Other skin protection

Materials for protective clothing:

PVC gloves. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

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8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

Consumer exposure controls:

PVC gloves. Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.

Other information:

Do not put the product-soaked rags into the pockets of working clothes. Do not use cloths stained with the product to dry hands. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid : amber. Colour Appearance Oily. Liquid. Odour : characteristic. Odour threshold : Not available Melting point ≤ -45 °C ASTM D 97 Freezing point : Not available Boiling point : > 280 °C Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable. **Explosive limits** : 0.6 - 7 vol %Lower explosive limit (LEL) : 0,6 vol % Upper explosive limit (UEL) : 7 vol %

Flash point : 200 °C ASTM D 93

Auto-ignition temperature : > 240 °C

Decomposition temperature : Not available
pH : Not available

Viscosity, kinematic : 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Solubility : insoluble in water.

: Not available

Solubility : insoluble in water
Log Kow : Not available
Log Pow : > 3
Vapour Pressure 20°C : < 0,1 hPa

Density : 0,84 – 0,85 kg/l ASTM D 4052

Relative density : Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C : > 1 (air=1)
Particle characteristics : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Vapour pressure at 50°C

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits : 0.6-7 vol %

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : < 0.1 VOC content : 0 %

Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

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10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to section 10.1 on Reactivity.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Moisture. Overheating.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
	Toxicity)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5,53 mg/l

reaction mass of isomers of. 67-3-arkyr 3-(5,3-ur-tert-butyr-4-rrydroxyphienyr)propionate (123043-		-di-tert-butyr-4-nydroxyphenyr/propionate (125645-61-0)
	LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
	LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

ction mass of isomors of: C7.9 alkyl 3./3.5 di.tort.hutyl.4.hydroxynhonyl)propionato /4256/3.64.0)

4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7)

LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

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Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxi 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic) (68784-17-8)		
Toxicity) Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxic 28-Day Study) Preaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) Sm/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4.4*-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenyls: Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two	LD50 oral rat	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified REPRODUCTION : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil vhydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (Inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxi 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)proplonate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) A4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Application hazard 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Application hazard 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) N	LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxi 28-Day Study) Preaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Asylination hazard Shot classified 25 - 60 mm²/s at 40 °C. ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual o	Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
STOT-single exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified : Not classified STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified state of the state	Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxic 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard i Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relati	Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoll— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 2 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxic 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 25 - 60 mm²/s at 40 °C. ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximat	STOT-single exposure	: Not classified	
hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1) LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) 20,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxic 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28 Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil wydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified	
(Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days) > 0,98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxi 28-Day Study) reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard i Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of		
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 3 Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard : Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)		
4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7) NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 2 Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard: Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic: 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3	3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) 300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 2 Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard: Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic: 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	5 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents) Aspiration hazard: Not classified Eurol ATF 6700 Viscosity, kinematic: 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7)		
Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Viscosity, kinematic 25 – 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445 Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Eurol ATF 6700		
hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil whydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stage consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of	Viscosity, kinematic	25 - 60 mm²/s at 40 °C, ASTM D 445	
	hydrocarbons obtained by treating light hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in consists predominantly of hydrocarbons produces a finished oil with a viscosity of	vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with n a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It s having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and	
Viscosity, kinematic 10000 – 12000 mm²/s	Viscosity, kinematic	10000 – 12000 mm²/s	

11.2. Information on other hazards

viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (64742-56-9)

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

Viscosity, kinematic

obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a

8,4 mm²/s

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according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

11.2.2. Other information

Other information

: Toxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products, Likely route of exposure: ingestion, skin and eye.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse

effects in the environment.

Ecology - water : This product floats on water and may affect the oxygen-balance in the water.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term

acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Not classified.

: Not classified

(chronic)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (64742-54-7)

LC50 fish 1	100 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	10000 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l

reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0)		
LC50 fish 1 > 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio r		
LC50 fish 2	> 2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0,9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
NOEC (chronic)	≤ 0,01 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	

4,4'-thiodiethylene h	4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7)	
LC50 fish 1		> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes
EC50 Daphnia 1		9,5 mg/l EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]
EC50 72h - Algae [1]		0,053 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic) (68784-17-8)

LC50 fish 1	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 0,00075 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
LOEC (chronic)	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	≈ 0,0041 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas Duration: '32 d'

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according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eurol ATF 6700		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.	
4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7)		
Biodegradation 11 – 14 %		
Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic) (68784-17-8)		
Biodegradation 4,5 %		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eurol ATF 6700	
Log Pow	> 3
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] (72623-87-1)

Log Pow	> 6
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-	-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (125643-61-0)

			7.	<i>,</i> , ,	•	` `	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	260 (OECD 305	metho	d)				
Log Pow	9,2						

4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate (93882-40-7)

BCF fish 1 140 - 410 mg/kg (OECD 305 method)

Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic) (68784-17-8)

Log Pow > 9,36

12.4. Mobility in soil

Eurol ATF 6700	
Ecology - soil	Not miscible with water. Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination. This product floats on water and may affect the oxygen-balance in the water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste)

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

Waste disposal recommendations

Additional information

Ecology - waste materials

: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

Hazardous waste.

Every mixture with foreign substances such as solvents, brake- and cooling liquids is forbidden. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly. When not

empty dispose of this container at hazardous or special waste collection point. 13 02 06* - Synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils

European List of Waste (LoW) code

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID n	umber			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard o	class(es)			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental haz	ards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
environment: No No supplementary informatio	Marine pollutant: No	environment: No	environment: No	environment: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

No data available

Transport by sea

No data available

Air transport

No data available

Inland waterway transport

No data available

Rail transport

No data available

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (RE	EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on		
3(b)	Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating light vacuum gas oil, heavy vacuum gas oil and solvent deasphalted residual oil with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst in a two stage process with dewaxing being carried out between the two stages. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of approximately 32cSt at 40 °C. It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]; Reaction products of fatty acids, C14-C18 (branched and linear) and C18 (unsaturated) with tetraethylenepentamine (linear, branched, cyclic); Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex comination of hydrocarbons obtained by removal of normal paraffins from a petroleum fraction by solvent crystallization. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).]		
3(c)	reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate		

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

VOC Directive (2004/42)

VOC content : 0 %

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes	Indication of changes				
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments		
	Supersedes	Modified			
	Revision date	Modified			
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Added			
2.1	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Modified			
2.1	Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects	Added			
2.2	EUH-statements	Modified			
2.2	Precautionary statements (CLP)	Modified			
4.1	First-aid measures after skin contact	Modified			
4.1	First-aid measures after inhalation	Modified			
4.1	First-aid measures after ingestion	Modified			
4.1	First-aid measures after eye contact	Modified			
5.1	Suitable extinguishing media	Modified			
5.2	Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	Added			
5.3	Protection during firefighting	Modified			
6.1	Protective equipment	Modified			
6.3	Methods for cleaning up	Modified			
6.3	Other information	Modified			
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified			
7.1	Hygiene measures	Modified			
7.2	Storage conditions	Modified			
8.2	Environmental exposure controls	Modified			
8.2	Respiratory protection	Modified			
8.2	Hand protection	Modified			
8.2	Eye protection	Modified			
8.2	Appropriate engineering controls	Modified			
8.2	Skin and body protection	Modified			
9.1	Upper explosive limit (UEL)	Added			
9.1	Lower explosive limit (LEL)	Added			
9.1	Flash point	Modified			
9.1	Density	Modified			
9.1	Viscosity, kinematic	Modified			
9.1	Melting point	Modified			
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Added			
12.1	Ecology - general	Modified			

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Indication of changes				
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments	
13.1	Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	Added		
15.2	Chemical safety assessment	Added		
16	Abbreviations and acronyms	Added		
16	Data sources	Added		
16	Other information	Added		

Abbreviations and acr	ronyms:
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number	
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties	

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and

amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 4	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
EUH208	Contains 4,4'-thiodiethylene hydrogen-2-octadecenylsuccinate. May produce an allergic reaction.	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.